

# Answers

## Step 1: Temple of Olympian Zeus

Since the scale is 1:100, this means that the miniature is 100 times smaller than the original. So the real column is  $100 \cdot 17\text{cm} = 1700\text{cm} = 17\text{m}$

## Step 2: Hadrian's Gate

The diameter is 6.5, so the radius  $= 6.5/2 = 3.25\text{m}$ . The perimeter is  $2\pi r$ , so half the perimeter (i.e. perimeter of the semicircle)  $= 3.14 \cdot 3.25 \approx 10.21\text{m}$

## Step 3: Tower of the Winds

Area of an octagon:  $2(1+\sqrt{2})a^2$  (a is the length of the side)

Area =  $49.44\text{ m}^2$

Volume =  $593.3172\text{ m}^3$  (it is the area x height)

## Step 4: The Temple of Hephaestus

Practically 9m of length correspond to 4m of width. So, width is  $4/9$  of the length  $= 4/9 \cdot 69.5\text{m} = 30.89\text{m}$

## Step 5: The sacred triangle

a) An isosceles triangle is a triangle that has two equal sides. Also, the two angles opposite the two equal sides are equal. In other words, we can say that "An isosceles triangle is a triangle which has two congruent sides". The vertex angle is  $42^\circ$ .

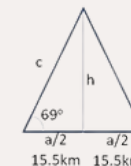
The sum of the degrees of all the angles of a triangle is  $180^\circ$ . Since the other two angles have the same degree  $42^\circ + x^\circ + x^\circ = 180^\circ$  so  $x = 69^\circ$ .

b) On the right you can see an isosceles triangle

By using the tangent (opposite/adjacent) we

have  $\tan(69^\circ) = h/(a/2) \Rightarrow 2.605 = h/15.5\text{km} \Rightarrow h = 40.4\text{km}$

We then use Pythagorean theorem  $c^2 = (a/2)^2 + h^2 \Rightarrow c^2 = 240.25 + 1632.16 \Rightarrow c^2 = 1.872.41 \Rightarrow c = 43.27\text{km}$



## Step 6: Let's relax a bit at Thiseio

How you can find it? Use the following cipher.

a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k	l	m	n	o	p	q	r	s	t	u	v	w	x	y	z
d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k	l	m	n	o	p	q	r	s	t	u	v	w	x	y	z	a	b	c

We do deciphering. So we use the mapping of the second line to the first line. So 'Ghprfudfb' becomes 'Democracy'

## Step 7: Last but definitely not least!

If you visit the museum, you will find out that 5 of the original Caryatids are in the Acropolis Museum, and 1 is in the British Museum; the statues currently on the Caryatid Porch are replicas.

We know that length/width  $= \varphi = 1.618$ , thus the width is approx.  $6.42\text{m}$

Funded by the European Union. View and opinions expressed are however those of the author(s) only and do not necessarily reflect those of the European Union or the European Education and Culture Executive Agency (EACEA). Neither the European Union nor EACEA can be held responsible for them.

Project code: 1-FR01-KA220-SCH-00027771



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